



OnKure Therapeutics

August 2026



Legends

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties of OnKure Therapeutics, Inc. (“OnKure” or the “Company”). All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including statements regarding our future financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and plans, and objectives of management for future operations, as well as statements regarding industry trends, are forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements include, among other things, statements regarding the potential of, and expectations regarding, OnKure’s product candidates and programs; the potential of PI3K α MUT inhibitor-based therapies; OnKure’s ability to advance additional programs; the expected milestones and timing of such milestones, details on the pan-mutant program and the timing of the submission of the IND applications for OKI 345 and OKI 355; the completion and expected timing of the closing and gross proceeds received by OnKure in the private placement; OnKure’s expected use of net proceeds from the private placement, OnKure’s expected cash runway, OnKure’s ability to leverage insights from the PIKture-01 trial and statements regarding OnKure’s financial position, including its cash runway. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as “estimate,” “intend,” “expect,” “may,” “plan,” “potentially,” “will” or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions.

We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our current expectations and projections about future events and trends that we believe may affect our financial condition, results of operations, business strategy and financial needs. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, among other things: the risk that the conditions to the closing of the private placement are not satisfied; OnKure’s limited operating history; the significant net losses incurred since inception; the ability to raise additional capital to finance operations; the risk that actual uses of cash and cash equivalents differ from the assumptions underlying our expected cash runway; the ability to advance product candidates through preclinical and clinical development; the ability to obtain regulatory approval for, and ultimately commercialize, OnKure’s product candidates; the outcome of preclinical testing and early clinical trials for OnKure’s product candidates, including the ability of those trials to satisfy relevant governmental or regulatory requirements and the potential that the outcome of preclinical testing and early clinical trials may not be predictive of the success of later clinical trials; OnKure’s limited resources; the risk of adverse events, toxicities or other undesirable side effects; potential delays or difficulties in the enrollment or maintenance of patients in clinical trials; the decision to develop or seek strategic collaborations to develop OnKure’s current or future product candidates in combination with other therapies and the cost of combination therapies; OnKure’s limited experience in designing clinical trials and lack of experience in conducting clinical trials; the substantial competition OnKure faces in discovering, developing, or commercializing products; the ability to attract, hire, and retain highly skilled executive officers and employees; the ability of OnKure to protect its intellectual property and proprietary technologies; the scope of any patent protection OnKure obtains or the loss of any of OnKure’s patent protection; developments relating to OnKure’s competitors and its industry, including competing product candidates and therapies; reliance on third parties, contract manufacturers, and contract research organizations; legislative, regulatory, political and economic developments and general market conditions; and other risks. Information regarding the foregoing and additional risks may be found in the section titled “Risk Factors” in documents that OnKure files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These risks are not exhaustive. New risk factors emerge from time to time, and it is not possible for our management to predict all risk factors, nor can we assess the impact of all factors on our business or the extent to which any factor, or combination of factors, may cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in, or implied by, any forward-looking statements. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements. Except as required by law, we undertake no obligation to update publicly any forward-looking statements for any reason after the date of this presentation.

This presentation also contains estimates and other statistical data made by independent parties and by us relating to market size and growth and other data about our industry. These data involve a number of assumptions and limitations, and you are cautioned not to give undue weight to such estimates. In addition, projections, assumptions, and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

OnKure is Developing a Differentiated Portfolio

OnKure Therapeutics

- **Developing PI3K α PAN-mutant inhibitors** with the highest known selectivity on helical and kinase mutations
- Two distinct candidates designed for **Vascular Anomalies & Cancer**
- Experienced R&D team to support portfolio expansion in vascular anomalies beyond PI3K α
- **\$176M in cash and marketable securities** as of June 30, 2026, expected to fund operations into 2029

Pipeline

Two Lead PI3K α ^{PAN} Programs

- OKI-355 in Vascular Anomalies
- OKI-345 in Cancer
 - ✓ PI3K α PAN-mut-selective inhibitors
 - ✓ Best-in-class drug properties
 - ✓ INDs expected 1H 2027

Discovery Programs

- Novel target(s) beyond PI3K α in Vascular Anomalies

Led by a Team with Proven Experience



Nicholas Saccomano, Ph.D.
President and
Chief Executive Officer



Samuel Agresta, M.D., MPH
Chief Medical Officer



Jason Leverone
Chief Financial Officer



Dylan Hartley, Ph.D.
Chief Scientific Officer



Rogan Nunn, J.D.
General Counsel and
Secretary



Robbie Alton, Pharm.D.
SVP of Clinical Operations



James Blake, Ph.D.
SVP of Computational
Drug Discovery



Mark L. Boys, Ph.D.
SVP of Discovery
Chemistry



Aaron Goodwin, Ph.D.
VP of Pharmaceutical
Sciences and Supply Chain



Kevin S. Litwiler, Ph.D.
SVP of DMPK and
Clinical Pharmacology



David Mareska, Ph.D.
VP of Discovery Chemistry



Jim Wong, Ph.D.
VP of Biological
Sciences



Qian Zhao, Ph.D.
VP and Distinguished Fellow

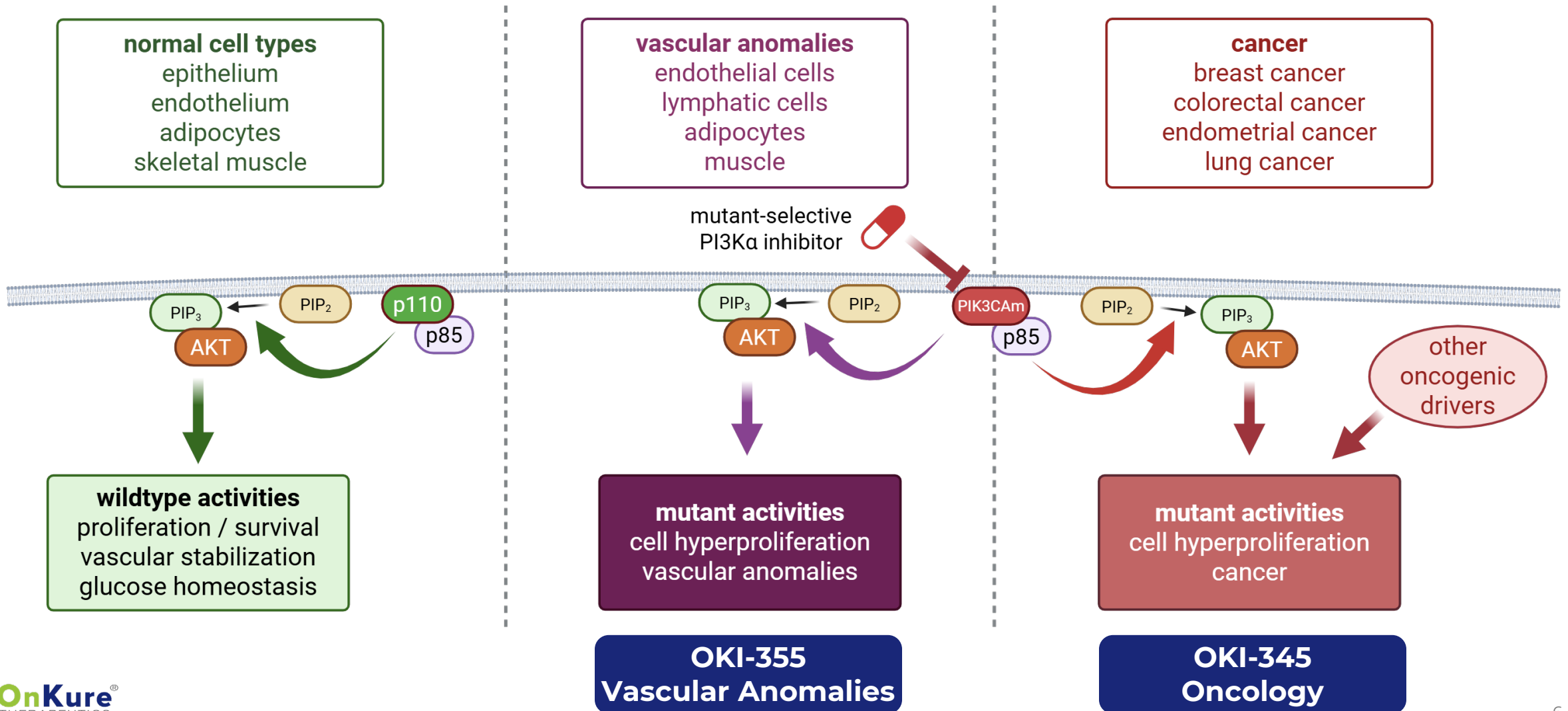


A Differentiated Portfolio

Program	Initial Indication	Discovery	Preclinical	Clinical	Program Status	Next Anticipated Milestone
OKI-355 PI3Kα^{PAN} mutant-selective inhibitor	Vascular Anomalies				IND-Enabling Studies Ongoing	IND (1H 2027)
OKI-345 PI3Kα^{PAN} mutant-selective inhibitor	Breast Cancer				IND-Enabling Studies Ongoing	IND (1H 2027)
Discovery Target(s) to be announced; systemic and topical	Vascular Anomalies				Active Discovery	To be Announced

PI3K α Pathway is Pleiotropic: Central to Normal & Disease Signaling

Disrupted cellular homeostasis due to mutant PI3K α drives cancers & vascular anomalies



Sequential Innovation Creates Durable Competitive Advantage

Best-in-class franchises emerge from iterative gains in potency, selectivity, resistance coverage, & safety

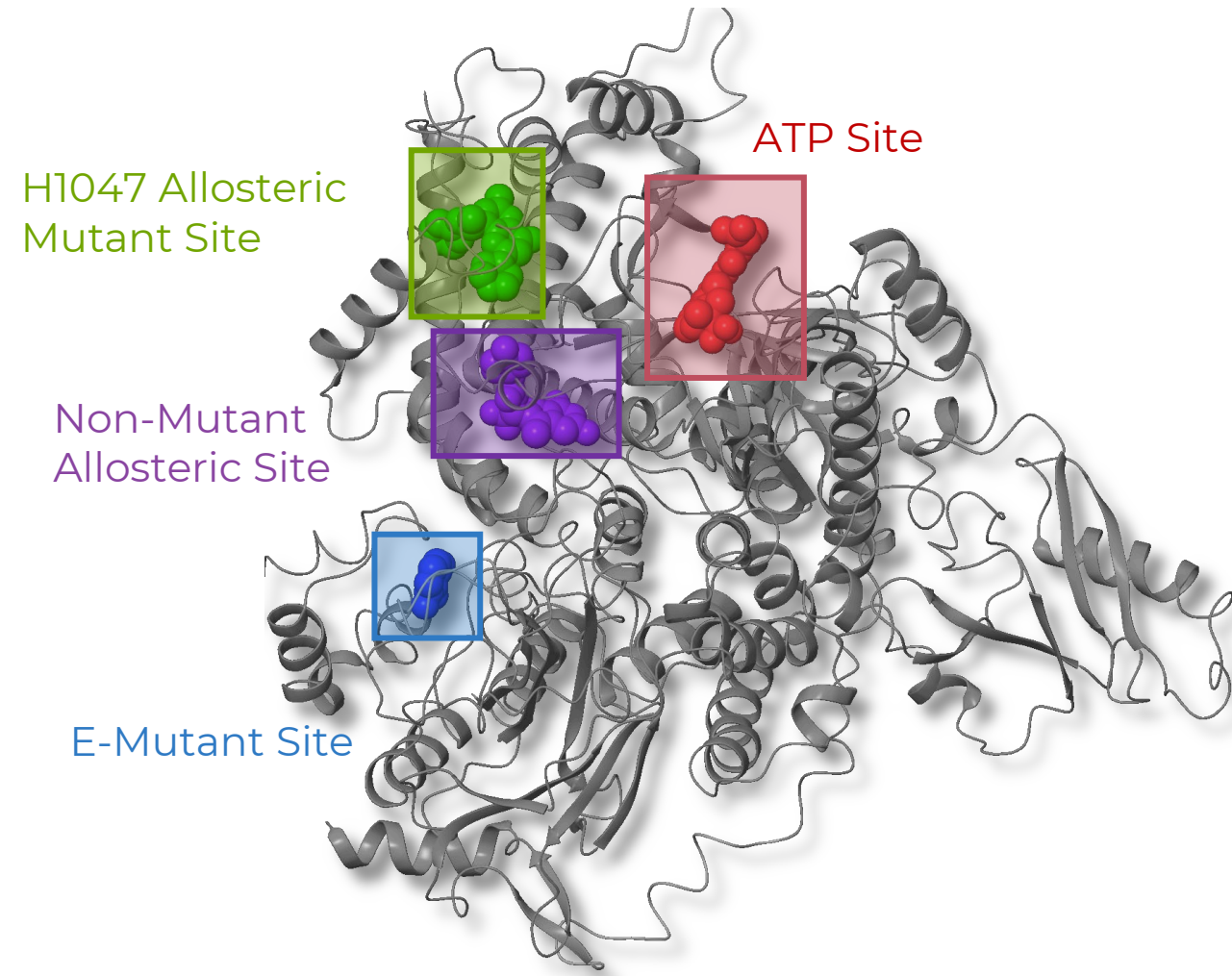
Targeted Therapies	1 st Gen First-in-Class	2 nd Gen Higher Potency, Enhanced Selectivity	3 rd Gen Mutant Target Coverage	4 th Gen Improved Therapeutic Index
BCR-ABL	Target validation in CML imatinib	Faster, deeper response dasatinib, nilotinib	Covers T315I gatekeeper ponatinib	Allosteric (STAMP) inhibition asciminib
ALK	First-in-class ALK TKI crizotinib	CNS-active alectinib	Drug resistant mutations lorlatinib	Ongoing Research
EGFR	First EGFR TKIs gefitinib, erlotinib	Irreversible 2G potency afatinib, dacomitinib	Covers T790M osimertinib	Ongoing Research
PI3K	Isoform-selective idelalisib, alpelisib	Orthosteric BIC inavolisib	Wild-type-sparing Allosteric mutant-selective (STX-478 & RLY-2608)*	Allosteric pan-mutant selective OKI-345* & OKI-355*

Sustained value is driven by repeatedly innovating against proven targets — not stopping at the first successful asset

OnKure's Structure-Based Drug Design Platform Enables Discovery of Allosteric PI3K α Pan-Mutant Inhibitors

Allosteric pan-inhibitor design

- Targeting regions proximal to PI3K α mutations:
 - **H1047 allosteric mutant site** (lead)
 - OnKure-discovered **E-mutant site** (proprietary)
- Designed to inhibit both kinase & helical domain mutants (H1047X, E542K, & E545K)
- Targets key regulatory regions driving mutant PI3K α activation
- Potential to overcome on-target resistance from prior therapies (**orthosteric: alpelisib, inavolisib; non-mutant allosteric: STX-478, RLY-2608**)



Candidate Profile for Potential BIC PI3K α Pan-Inhibitors

Discovering pan-mutant inhibitors vs. the current landscape

Selectivity

At least 10X cellular selectivity in cell lines with major hotspot mutations in PI3K α

Efficacy

Potential Best-in-class anti-tumor activity in PI3K α mutant HR+ BC and Vascular Anomalies models

Safety

Best-in-class avoidance of wild-type PI3K α and associated toxicities

Coverage

Broad mutant coverage with brain penetration to maximize depth and durability of response

Combinability

Minimal DDI risk enables broad combination use & supports potential use in adjuvant settings

Mutation Resistance

Active against on-target resistance mutants, enabling treatment after PI3K α i relapse

Diverse IP

Protects assets and disables competition

Candidates

Two development candidates: HR+ Breast Cancer and VA

Comparison of cellular selectivity of OnKure vs. competitor pan-mutant PI3K α inhibitors

Compound	PI3K α Mutation		
	H1047R	E545K	E542K
Alpelisib	1x	1x	2x
STX-478	6x	2x	3x
RLY-2608	5x	2x	2x
OKI-345[#]	58x	18x	10x
OKI-355[‡]	106x	24x	10x

All cellular selectivity values were determined by OnKure. Cellular potency for each compound was determined in cell lines with specific PI3K α mutations shown in parentheses: T47D (H1047R), MCF7 (E545K), BT483 (E542K). Selectivity was derived from the ratio of the potency in a mutant cell line to the wild-type PI3K α SKBR3 cell line. [#]OKI-345 is under development in breast cancer; [‡]OKI-355 is under development in vascular anomalies

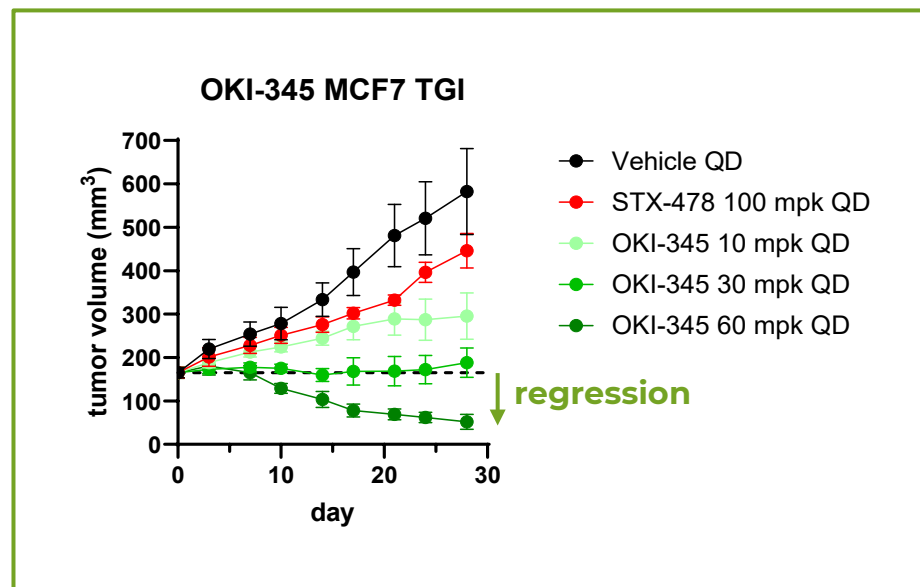
Selectivity Provides Deeper Responses when Dosed to MTD

A wider therapeutic window allows for greater mutant target coverage

Cellular Selectivity vs. SK-BR-3 WT

selectivity range	compound	PI3K α Mutation		
		H1047R	E545K	E542K
low	alpelisib	1x	1x	2x
	STX-478	6x	2x	3x
	RLY-2608	5x	2x	2x
>10x	OKI-345	58x	18x	10x
	OKI-355	106x	24x	10x

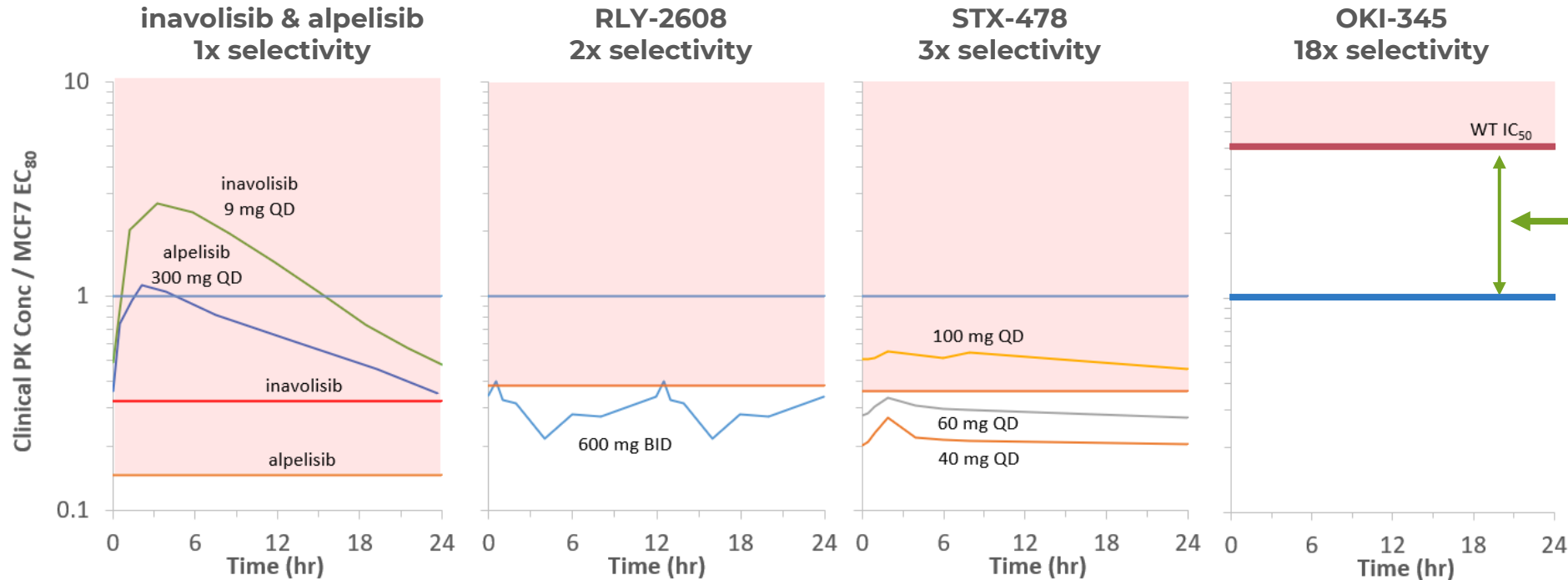
OKI-345 Drives Regressions in MCF7 Helical (E545K) Domain Mutant Xenograft Model



OKI-345 Greater Selectivity Leads to Superior Target Coverage and Efficacy over the Competition

The MCF-7 xenograft is ER+/PR+, HER2- and PI3K α **helical-domain hotspot mutant (E545K)** breast cancer. STX-478 was tested at the published dose in mice (Buckbinder et al., 2023)

OnKure's Thesis: Best-in-Class Selectivity Enables Greater Target Coverage to Unlock an Expanded Therapeutic Index



Greater **separation** between the red & blue lines reflects an **expanded** therapeutic window

Clinical¹ C_p / MCF7 (E545K) EC₈₀ plots demonstrate that OKI-345 is expected to engage mutant PI3Kα well below the WT IC₅₀, whereas the competitors will risk hyperglycemia/hyperinsulinemia

- Values > 1 (blue line) indicate clinically relevant target inhibition
- Values > WT PI3Kα EC₅₀ (pink shaded area) indicate risk of hyperglycemia

Vascular Anomalies Patients Deserve Precision Therapies

Vascular anomalies are monogenic targetable diseases that cause measurable functional impairment and burden

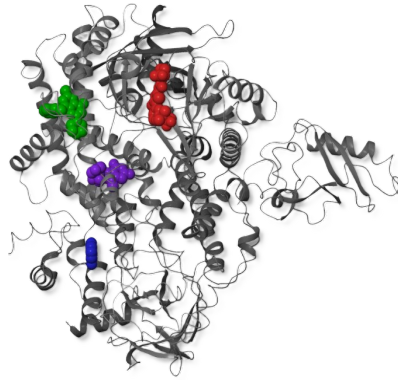
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*Target PI3KCAm
Patient Population
in the US*

Non-selective PI3K α drugs are of limited use due to wild type toxicities

Mutant-selective PI3K α drugs could transform standard of care and offer a lifetime of benefit

PI3K α is a **clinically validated Vascular Anomalies target**



OKI-355 – PI3K α pan-mutant selective candidate; IND 1H 2027

Our **approach restores cellular homeostasis** by selectively targeting mutant PI3K α

OnKure's edge



**Track record
IP
Target
Clinical**

R&D team experienced in rare diseases
Ability to leverage existing OnKure IP
Leading expertise in PI3K α drug discovery
Novel biomarkers + meaningful endpoints

Available Therapies for Vascular Anomalies are Inadequate

Alpelisib & Rapamycin Validate PI3K α as Target, but Wildtype Toxicity Limits Activity

ALPELISIB (VIJOICE)

- **Clinical efficacy limited by tolerability.**
EPIK-P2 confirmatory study showed limited efficacy (ORR: 11% adults, 9% peds)¹ at lower doses to mitigate toxicity
- Ongoing EPIK-P4 study attempts to re-capture efficacy in PROS, again **pushing higher doses**
- EPIK-L1 explores expansion in LM despite a **therapeutic window** which appears to be **constrained by wild-type inhibition**
- Validates the role of PI3K α inhibition, but its therapeutic profile underscores the shortcomings of non-selective approaches – **unmet need remains despite target validation**

SIROLIMUS (RAPAMYCIN)

- **Not approved** in any subset of vascular malformations; off-label use
- Non-selective profile associated with **challenging toxicity profile including immunosuppression**
- Requires frequent **monitoring with blood tests** for dose control and safety surveillance:
 - **Blood** → myelosuppression (anemia, thrombocytopenia, leukopenia)
 - **Lipids** → hypercholesterolemia/ hypertriglyceridemia
 - **Kidneys and Liver** → creatinine changes, proteinuria, hepatic effects

Vascular Anomalies: 86,000 Target U.S. Patient Population

Multi-Billion-Dollar Opportunity, Significant Patient Burden, and Inadequate Treatment Options

Vascular Anomalies		Prevalence (U.S.) ¹	Approved Therapies	Disease Presentation
		Venous Malformations ~ 22,000 PIK3CAm	None	<u>Neurologic</u> Seizures, cognitive delays <u>Infection</u> Cellulitis, bacteremia <u>Organ abnormalities</u> Pulmonary, cardiac, renal, hepatic, GI <u>Functional impairment</u> Pain, muscular, orthopedic, soft tissue overgrowth <u>Lymphatic</u> Lymphedema, lesions, chylous effusion/ascites <u>Coagulopathies</u> Hemorrhage, thrombophilia <u>Psychologic</u> Anxiety, depression
		Lymphatic Malformations ~49,000 PIK3CAm	None	
		PIK3CA Related Overgrowth Spectrum (PROS) ~ 15,000 PIK3CAm	Alpelisib (approved in subset of PROS with severe disease manifestations)	

PIK3CA Mutated MBC Represents A Major Market Opportunity

A Multi-Billion-Dollar Market Opportunity

~38% of breast cancers harbor PIK3CA mutations¹

Patient Population	Target Population (U.S. Patient Incidence) ²	Total Addressable Market (TAM) ²
1L HR+/HER2- mBC Estrogen Sensitive	10,900	~\$7-9B
1L HR+/HER2- mBC Estrogen Resistant	5,300	~\$2-3B
HR+/HER2- mBC 2 nd -3 rd Line	9,750	~\$2-3B

OnKure's Differentiation

Best-in-Class

Safety and Tolerability

Enable Combinability

with Backbone
Therapies
Across All Lines of
Therapy

**Activity and
Tolerability Drive**
Extended Duration
of Therapy

Financial Overview

Stock Symbol

NASDAQ: OKUR

Cash

\$176 million cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities as of June 30, 2026

Cash Runway

Cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities as of June 30, 2026 **expected to fund operations into 2029**

Common Stock

40.5 million shares of common stock plus pre-funded warrants to purchase **9.4 million shares** of common stock outstanding as of June 30, 2026

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